New Era for Citizens as Game-changers -Emerging Responsibility in Environmental Society デームチェンジャーとなった私たち 一環境社会でもとめられるもの-

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15th Kawasaki International Eco-Business Forum

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* Anthropocene, the 'New Era' The game we're playing Why are we stepping into Anthropocene?

* How to change the game to a 'win-win' one? Learning from the past

国立研究開発法人

国立環境研究所 National Institute for Environmental Studies (NIES)

Excerpt from our Charter

国立環境研究所は 今も未来も人びとが 健やかに暮らせる環境を まもりはくくむための研究によって 広く社会に貢献します New Era for Citizens as Game-changers -Emerging Responsibility in Environmental Society ゲームチェンジャーとなった私たち 一環境社会でもとめられるもの一

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We are living in Anthropocene.





'Planetary boundaries'; some are transgressed or close





We are playing a 'win-lose' game Millennium Ecosystem Assessment

A 5-year (2001-05) project evaluating the interrelationship between ecosystem change and human wellbeing in the latter half of 20th century. Called by late Cofi Anan (ex UN-SG). 1,360 experts participated in the project.

Ecosystem change $\Leftrightarrow~$ improvement of wellbeing and economics

- ⇒ ecosystem service for future generations may decrease.
- ← avoidable with *appropriate actions in the next half century*
- \leftarrow substantial shifts in policy and practice required

<u>www.millenniumassessment.org</u> "synthesis report"

We are playing a 'win-lose' game Wellbeing of people built upon environmental burden



Links between ecosystem damage and human welfare



Why are are stepping into Anthropocene?: 3 reasons

Paul Ehrich's equation

Environmental Impact

= Population \dot{x} Affluence x Technology

T: bigger = worse (higher environmental burden)

ex)

- $I: CO_2$ emission by the population
- P: population
- A: consumption of electricity per capita
- T: CO₂ emission per unit electricity production

Ehrich P. 1932~ (Stanford U., Conservation Ecology)



Reason #1: Exponential increase in 'Impact"



Reason #2: Weak I=PAT feedback <examples with direct, strong feedback>

- Animals (natural ecosystem)
- •Hunter-gatherers (human-ecosystem)
- cf. Local environmental pollution

(Minamata, Itai-itai, air-pollution in mid-20C Japan)





Reason #2: Weak I=PAT feedback <examples with strong feedback>



→ constraints on land use

BC3,500-1,500

第1-2-3図 青銅器時代の世界の地図







BC 5¢ -AD 4¢



Decline in ecosystem service =decline in QOL

(White Paper MOEJ; 2005)

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Reason #2: Weak I=PAT feedback <Condition/strategy to avoid feedback>

Spreading the Impact urban areas, company, country.....

$\mathbf{I}_1 + \mathbf{I}_2 + \cdots + \mathbf{I}_n = \mathbf{PAT}$

food, electricity, 'materials' waste, CO₂, human resource Reason #2: Weak I=PAT feedback <Condition/strategy to avoid feedback>

Major urban areas are supported by x100 times larger areas.

* Vancouber (pop=472,000@1991) Ecological footprint 2M ha (i.e., 4hr/person) 180 times larger than the administrative (Wakenagel, 2008: Urban Ecology).
* Baltic sea coastal region (29 major urban areas) Ecological footprint =200 times larger than administrative area

(Folke 2008)

* Japan (4+1 major cities)
• Tokyo, Yokohama, Osaka, Nagoya around 4-5 ha/person (250-600 times*)
• Matsue <a smaller city> 4.25 (30 times*)
*: ratio for environmental capacity 2008

(by Yokoo and Oka, 2005; "環境容量超過率"(倍)



Full world before empty world



Reason #2: Weak I=PAT feedback <Condition/strategy to avoid feedback>



Reason #3. no rival species







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Past success-failure and the way forward

Current status is the results of our past effort to 'adapt'.

We are unaware of how 'powerful' we become.'
 >need to understand the potential consequence of *any* behavior
 > devise appropriate feedback measures for *any* behavior

Had been focused only (almost exclusively) on humans
 → should pay attention to non-human world
 → monitor and broadcast the status of ecosystems

Connected layers

→Sustainability of which? どの持続可能性?



"Planetary health" (Whitmee et al., 2015. Lancet) Human health and civilization can be achieved based on the flourishing natural system and wise management of it.

10-yr monitoring of vegetation/snowfall at Tateyama



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failure to notice warning signals [for feedback]
 → should be more sensitive to those signals (?)
 → education, literacy raising, visualization of the signals

Revitalize the warning signal for *I=PAT* feedback





* Awareness = invisible, low priority

Raise 'environmental literacy' through conversation, education Resort to more 'tangible' value systems; 25

Planetary Stewardship

Ecological Society of America (2009)

As current President and President-Elect of the Ecological Society of America (ESA), we call for *planetary stewardship* as a framework for science and society to rapidly reduce anthropogenic damage to the biosphere. Ecologists and the ESA must collaborate with other natural and social scientists – as well as with practitioners, resource harvesters, land managers, decision makers, and other concerned citizens – to explore solutions. Humankind's past actions have already committed the planet to a substantially altered future; the task ahead is to find creative and scientifically defensible actions that minimize risks of further resource or ecosystem degradation and maximize opportunities to sustain and restore natural ecosystems and the services they provide.

Guest Editorial; Frontiers in Ecology (2009)



Mary E Power ESA President, University of California, Berkeley, CA



F Stuart Chapin III ESA President-Elect, University of Alaska, Fairbanks, AK

筑波大学冬季省エネ・節電標語



The barriers may be breakable; Spatial, temporal, and awareness.

'A polar bear would say thank you for your turning off an electric device.'

by a 4th-grade primary schoolgirl

U of Tsukuba,

Energy reduction campaign, Dec 2017 筑波大学 冬季省エネ・節電標語(2017.12月)

Thank you for your attention

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